

STOCKHOLM CONVENTION

DDT programme



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14-16 April 2015
Developing alternatives to DDT
BRS Side event -2015 COPs

CONTENT

1. Mandate on DDT
2. Decisions by the last Conference of the Parties
3. Activities undertaken

KEY PROVISIONS OF THE CONVENTION

- Listed in Annex B with acceptable purposes
- Can produce and use only for disease vector control
- Use according to the WHO recommendations and guidelines
- Use only when locally safe, effective and affordable alternatives are not available
- DDT Register for acceptable purposes
- Parties to report every 3 years
 - Amount used, conditions of such use and its relevance to disease management strategy
 - Information is collected using DDT questionnaire

PROVISIONS....

- Conference of the Parties to:
 - Encourage Parties to develop and implement an action plan
 - with the goal of reducing and ultimately eliminating the use of DDT
 - Evaluate the continued need for DDT for disease vector control, in consultation with WHO, on the basis of available scientific, technical, environmental and economic information:
 - DDT expert group is established in collaboration with WHO
 - to assess relevant scientific information, and
 - make recommendations for the COPs

GLOBAL STATUS

- 17 countries registered for acceptable use/production of DDT
- Of the countries registered 12 responded to the DDT questionnaire for 2009-2011
- 8 reported the use of DDT (Eritrea, Gambia, India, Mauritius, Mozambique, South Africa,, Swaziland and Zambia)
- China and Myanmar withdrew from the register
- Global production ~ 3000 MT (technical grade 98%)

RELATED DECISIONS BY THE LAST COP



- Need to continue the use of DDT until locally safe, effective, affordable and environmentally sound alternatives are available
- Invited the UNEP Chemicals, to prepare a road map for the development of alternatives to DDT

DECISIONS...

- *Invited* Governments, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, research institutions, industry bodies and other stakeholders to provide technical and financial resources to support the work of the Global Alliance and the development of the road map
- Parties to establish regional and intersectoral collaboration to advance malaria control objectives especially in education, health, agriculture, economic development and the environment

ACTIVITIES



DDT EXPERT GROUP MEETING

- Considered the DDT roadmap
- Recommended, among others that *“Capacity should be increased for the development and evaluation of novel vector control products and for expeditious reviewing of such products by relevant national and international bodies within the framework of the UNEP Roadmap for the Development of alternatives to DDT”*
(Report in COP.7/INF/5)



Held in Nov. 2015 in Geneva

DDT QUESTIONNAIRE

- Sent out for parties to report by June 30th, 2015
- Reporting cycle 3 years from 2012-2014

TOOLKIT FOR THE SOUND MANAGEMENT OF DDT FOR DISEASE VECTOR CONTROL

- To provide a user-friendly access to existing information sources for the life-cycle management of DDT
- Serve as a guidance for parties establishing adequate systems and institutional capacity for evidence-based decision-making on DDT and enhanced reporting to the Stockholm Convention.
- Applicable for vector control insecticides other than DDT
- Developed in consultation with WHO
- Workshops to pilot test in Asia and Africa



REGIONAL WORKSHOP IN ASIA- SOUND LIFE-CYCLE MANAGEMENT OF DDT UNDER THE STOCKHOLM CONVENTION



14-16 April 2015, Jiangsu Institute of Parasitic Diseases, Wuxi,
China

- Cambodia , China , India , Indonesia , Malaysia, Nepal, Papua New Guinea, Sri Lanka, Vietnam, IPEN
- Resource : WHO (WPRO), Jiangsu Institute of Parasitic Diseases
- Organized by BCRC Regional Center China

THANK YOU