

PROJECT CONCEPT NOTE

CONVENTIONS :		PROJECT TITLE :	
<input type="checkbox"/> BC <input type="checkbox"/> RC <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SC <input type="checkbox"/> SYN		Training and capacity development activities under the Stockholm Convention (PoW 16) - Promotion of BAT/BEP and safer alternatives to POPs	
FUNDING OPTIONS:		TYPE / LOCATION	TARGETED COUNTRIES:
<input type="checkbox"/> Funding in full <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Partial funding possible		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Global <input type="checkbox"/> Regional <input type="checkbox"/> National	Global
MANDATE			
<p>Convention Article: Articles 12 and 20 of the Stockholm Convention COP decision(s): Decisions SC-8/6 Toolkit for Identification and Quantification of Releases of Dioxins, Furans and Other Unintentional Persistent Organic Pollutants and guidelines and guidance on best available techniques and best environmental practices; SC-8/8: Implementation plans; SC-8/10: Listing of decabromodiphenyl ether (commercial mixture, c-decaBDE); SC-8/11: Listing of short-chain chlorinated paraffins; SC-8/12: Listing of hexachlorobutadiene; SC-8/15: Technical assistance</p>			
Rationale			
<p>By decision SC-8/8, the Conference of the Parties took note of the 12 guidance documents that have been developed to assist Parties in developing and updating national implementation plans (NIPs) which among other contains guidance on phasing in safer alternatives of various POPs containing equipment and products. In the same decision, the Conference of the Parties requested the Secretariat to undertake, subject to the availability of resources, capacity-building and training activities to support Parties in order to facilitate the development, review and updating of NIPs; The activities of the current project contribute to the implementation of the technical assistance plan in 2018-2019 and with activities listed in factsheet 22 on scientific support for Parties to the Stockholm Convention.</p>			
Outcomes and indicators of achievement			
<p>Outcomes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Legal and institutional frameworks and national implementation plans are developed reviewed and updated, as appropriate, and supported by various guidance documents developed under the Convention; • Strengthened capacities of Parties to apply best available techniques and best environment practices and increased number of Parties phased in safer and affordable alternatives for selected POPs. 			
Indicators of achievement:		Means of verification:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Number of Parties developed or strengthened their legal and institutional frameworks; 2. Number of case studies on the application of best available techniques and best environment practices available; 3. Number of case studies on phased-in safer and affordable alternatives for selected POPs is available. 		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reports of the pilot projects, meeting proceedings; 2. Information published on the convention's website. 	
IMPLEMENTATION TIMEFRAME			
Project start date: <i>01/2018</i>		Project completion date: <i>12/2019</i>	Total duration: <i>24 months</i>

SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS		
Sustainable Development Goals:		
This project would contribute to Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 3 on ensuring healthy lives (specifically Target 3.9: by 2030 substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination), as well as SDG 12 on ensuring sustainable consumption and production patterns (specifically Target 12.4: by 2020 achieve environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their lifecycle and minimizing their adverse impacts on human health and the environment). It also promotes Goal # 12 to ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns by achieving the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle.		
Gender mainstreaming:		
The development and implementation of NIPs aims at reducing exposure to hazardous chemicals and thereby contributes to improving the health of vulnerable groups, such as women and children. Further, all technical assistance activities will take into consideration social issues and gender equality. Gender will be considered when specific activities are designed and during their implementation and evaluation. A basic gender analysis will be conducted for gender relevant activities as part of the design phase. In any follow-up projects, Terms of references will include gender-related obligations.		
Integrated Approach:		
This activity is supportive of the integrated approach to financing options for chemicals and waste as it promotes mainstreaming of the Stockholm Convention-related issues into the development processes.		
PARTNERS		
Regional centres of the Basel and Stockholm conventions, FAO and UNEP regional offices, UNEP, UNDP, UNIDO, WB, RDBs, GEF, UNITAR, SAICM, WHO		
PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 2018-19 [USD]		
Activity	Output type	Budget
Pilot projects on applying best available techniques and best environment practices, phasing-in safer and affordable alternatives for selected POPs, collection of data on stockpiles and contaminated sites for specific POPs and other training and capacity-building activities	Pilot projects	150,000
DIRECT PROJECT COST OPERATIONAL BUDGET		150,000
<i>Programme Support Costs (PSC) 13%</i>		<i>22,500</i>
TOTAL OPERATIONAL BUDGET		172,500